Name:

Date:

School:

Facilitator:

1.02 Exploration

Total Points: 45

**Complete the following as you complete the lesson.**

# **Changes in Europe**

1. From 1096 to 1270, a series of military expeditions to the Middle East, called the Crusades, tried to recapture the “Holy Land” – the city of      – from the Muslims
2. List four effects of the Crusades:
	1.
	2.
	3.
	4.
3. The       was the rebirth of European thought and art.
	1. Began in      in 1300s
	2. Spread to rest of Europe in the      s and      s
4. One of the greatest inventions during the Renaissance was the      by Johann Gutenberg.
	1. Why was this invention so important during the Renaissance?
5. Who led the opposition against Catholic church abuses that resulted in the Protestant Reformation in 1517?
6. The Reformation divided Christianity between       and      .
7. Later, some Protestants would seek religious freedom in the      .
8. How did events in Europe lead to the exploration and colonization of the Americas?
	1. The Crusades led to
	2. The Renaissance led to
	3. The Reformation led to

# Spanish Explorers

1. Through the       of 1494, Pope Alexander VI divided all non-Christian lands between Spain and Portugal.
	1. would control the Western Hemisphere, and
	2. would control the Eastern Hemisphere.
2. Who is Christopher Columbus?
	1. He sailed       to reach the East (Asia, spices, and gold) based on incorrect calculations.
	2. When and where did Columbus and his crew land?
	3. They incorrectly assumed they were off the coast of      . Therefore, they referred to the natives as “     ” due to his misconception about location of his ‘discovery’.
	4. How many total Atlantic voyages did Columbus make?
3. Name the three motives of the conquistadors and explain them:
	1.
	2.
	3.
4. Describe the accomplishments of the Spanish conquistadors:
	1. Hernando Cortés:
	2. Francisco Pizarro:
	3. Juan Ponce de León:
	4. Amerigo Vespucci:
	5. Hernando de Soto:
	6. Francisco Coronado:
	7. Ferdinand Magellan:
5. Native populations were devastated by       brought by the Spanish conquistadors. Many were enslaved by the Spanish and died from being overworked.
6. Just 20 years after the arrival of Columbus and the conquistadors, there were only       natives on Hispaniola, out of the 1 million who lived there in 1492.

# Other European Explorers

1. Describe the accomplishments of these European explorers:
	1. Bartolomeu Dias:
	2. Vasco da Gama:
	3. Jacques Cartier:
	4. Samuel de Champlain:
	5. John Cabot:
2. What is the Northwest Passage? Does it exist?