Name:

Date:

School:

Facilitator:

**1.01 Review Questions**

**Part 1 directions: For questions 1-6 use information from the lesson to fill in the blank with the correct term:**

1. is the systematic study of the social world around us, the social causes and consequences of human behavior.
2. The ability to see and understand this connection between large-scale social forces and personal experience is called the
3. Who wrote The Sociological Imagination?
4. Sociology is a      that cannot be modeled directly on the natural sciences, because studying human behavior is in fundamentally different than studying the world of nature.
5. A      is a group of people who share a defined territory and a culture.
6. refers to the norms, values, beliefs, behaviors, and meanings given to symbols in a society.

**Part 2 directions: Read the information below and complete the social sciences chart:**

Social scientists love to study events. How they perceive the event, however, depends on which social science they are practicing. For example, a geographer would investigate different aspects of an event than a psychologist might, even though they are studying the same event.

In February 2014, the Winter Olympics were held in Sochi, Russia. Imagine that a group of seven social scientists were sent to Sochi to study the event. *The group included the following social scientists: a sociologist, a psychologist, a political scientist, an economist, a geographer, a historian, and an anthropologist.* Each developed his/her own focus for study and it is on the chart below. Based on the study focus and what you know about the different types of social scientists, identify what type of social scientist created each study and type your answer in the middle column.

In the last column, create a question that you believe each scientist might ask in his/her study.

The first study focus is completed for you as an example.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Study Focus:** | **Type of Scientist:** | **Sample Question:** |
| 1. **My study seeks to determine whether or not an ancient civilization once existed below the ski slopes.**
 | **Social Scientist:** Anthropologist | **Study Question:** What historical records can I find about previous archeological excavations in this area? |
| 1. **My study seeks to understand the influence of the Russian government on the Olympics**.
 | **Social Scientist:**  | **Study Question:**  |
| 1. **My study focuses on the history of the city of Sochi and how it came to be an Olympic venue.**
 | **Social Scientist:**  | **Study Question:**  |
| 1. **My study focuses on the interactions of the crowds watching the events.**
 | **Social Scientist:**  | **Study Question:**  |
| 1. **My study focuses on the landscape and climate necessary to host the various events.**
 | **Social Scientist:**  | **Study Question:**  |
| 1. **My study focuses on the financial impact of hosting on both the city of Sochi and the country of Russia.**
 | **Social Scientist:**  | **Study Question:**  |
| 1. **My study focuses on the mental preparation of the athletes involved in a world-class competition.**
 | **Social Scientist:**  | **Study Question:**  |

Conclusion Question

14. As individual as the social sciences are, they also tend to collaborate and work together on their studies. Considering the focus questions you developed in the chart above, describe at least three of the social scientists who could work together on their Sochi Olympics study. Explain your reasoning.